Lubrificanti e materiali per ridurre l'attrito: Potenzialita' del computational material design

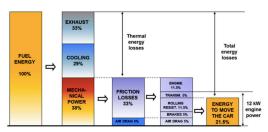
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impact of friction on energy and environment



one fifth of all the energy produced worldwide is used to overcome friction

There are 612 million cars in the world today

K. Holmberg and A. Erdemir, FME Transactions 43, 181 (2015)

Just a 10% friction reduction in every car engine will produce

-> fuel savings
385 billions liters/year
-> CO₂ reduction
0.7 billions tonnes/year



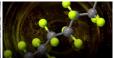
Materials: technologies nowadays available to reduce friction



Lubricants

- <u>Liquid lubricants</u>: base oil + <u>lubricant additives</u>
- **Solid lubricants**





MoS₂

graphite

Coatings Hard or superhard materials that reduce

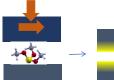






diamond like carbon

computational tribochemistry











stress-assisted chemical reactions rule the functionality of lubricants monitoring tribochemical reactions difficult by experiments

- simulations play a crucial role to real-time monitoring the sliding buried interface
- a quantum mechanical approach is essential for an accurate description of the chemical processes under extreme conditions
- · ab initio molecular dynamics used for the first time in tribology

